

#### उक्रमाशाम्य २०२७

Last Minute Suggestion















# युःशिष्य आण्डिमत















- 1) According to Ruskin Bond the best time to visiting hills is -
- a) November b) December c) January b) October Ans. d) October
- 2) The blind girl said that she would get off at -
- a) Saharanpur b) Musoorie c) Dehradun d) Nainital Ans. - a) Saharanpur
- 3) The blind girl said that she loves -
- a) mountain b) forest c) hills d) trees Ans. - c) hills
- 4) The narrator had the compartment to himself up to -
- a) Rohana b) Musoorie c) Dehradun d) Nai<mark>nital</mark> Ans. - a) Rohana
- 5) The girl thought the narrator to be -
- a) gallant b) gallant and serious c) serious d) pretentious Ans. b) gallant and serious
- 6) What tantalized the narrator was the -
- a) ringing voice of her laughter b) sweet talks c) beautiful look d) perfume of her hair
- Ans. d) perfume of her hair















- 7) One of the ancestors of Kalam's mother was awarded by the British, the title was -
- a) Bahadur b) Raibahadur c) Padmashri d) Bharat Ratna Ans. - a) Bahadur
- 8) Kalam's father would take him to the Mosque for -
- a) Pre-dawn prayer b) mid-day prayer c) morning prayer
- d) evening prayer

Ans. - d) evening prayer

- 9) Abdul Kalam' ancestral house was built in -
- a) pre 19th century b) early 19th century c) mid 19th century d) late 19th century

Ans. - c) mid 19th century

- 10) The coconut Grove where Kalam's father used to walk every morning about -
- a) 2 miles b) 3 miles c) 4 miles d) 5 miles

Ans. - d) 4 miles













# युःशिष्य आण्या















- 1) After reading the namaaz before dawn Abdul kalam's father used to -
- a) meet people of different regions b) go to home c) go to Madarsa d) go to the coconut Grove.

Ans. - d) go to the coconut Grove.

- 2) Pakshi Lakshmana Shastri was -
- a) an wise man b) the guide of Kalam c) the high priest of temple d) a political leader

Ans. - c) the high priest of temple

- 3) The lady picked up the boy by holding his -
- a) shirt-front b) trouser c) tie d) hand

Ans. - a) shirt-front

- 4) Mrs Jones gave the boy -
- a) 10 cents b) 50 cents c) 1 dollar d) 10 dollars

Ans. - d) 10 dollars

- 5) The boy wanted to buy -
- a) black suit shoes b) black suede shoes c) blue suede shoes d) blue suit shoes

Ans. - c) blue suede shoes















- 6) Bending over the basin the boy Rodger asked Mrs Jones whether she was going to -
- a) punish him b) take him to the jail c) reward him d) take care of him

Ans. - b) take him to the jail.

- 7) On entering the room Mrs Jones said Rodger -
- a) take rest b) wash his face c) go to the bed d) eat dinner

Ans. - b) wash his face

- 8) Mrs Jones wanted to teach Rodger -
- a) right from wrong b) what was right c) what was wrong
- d) what he should be

Ans. - a) right from wrong

- 9) The Tsar asked the hermit -
- a) One question b) two questions c) three questions d)
   no question

Ans. - c) three questions

- 10) The bearded man was wounded by -
- a) The Tsar b) The Tsar's son c) The Tsar's bodyguard d) the villager

Ans. - c) The Tsar's bodyguard













# युःशिष्य आण्या















- 1) The hermit was -
- a) tall and weak b) tall and healthy c) frail and weak d) frail and strong

Ans. - c) frail and weak.

- 2) The hermit received none but the -
- a) common folk b) Tsar c) Emperors d) Kings Ans. - a) common folk
- 3) The wounded man was really the enemy of
- a) the hermit b) the Tsar c) the villagers d) none of the above

Ans. - b) the Tsar

- 4) The most necessary man is he
- a) with whom you work b) with whom you live c) with whom you are d) who helps you in trouble Ans. - d) who helps you in trouble
- 5) The bearded man wanted to -
- a) meet the Tsar b) meet the hermit c) take revenge on the Tsar d) hunt in the woods

Ans. - c) take revenge on the Tsar















- 6) Kalam's father started his day at
- a) 4 pm b) 5 pm c) 4.30 pm d) 5.30 pm Ans. - a) 4 pm
- 7) A. P. J. Abdul Kalam was by birth and
- a) Marathi b) Gujrati c) Tamil d) Malbarian Ans. - c) Tamil
- 8) From Kalam's house the distance of the Shiva temple was-
- a) a fifteen minutes walk b) a twelve minutes walk c) a twenty minutes walk d) a ten minutes walk Ans. - d) a ten minutes walk
- 9) Kalam's fairly large pucca house was built by -
- a) cement and brick b) limestone and brick c) mud and brick d) stone
- Ans. b) limestone and brick
- 10) Rodger's age was -
- a) 18-19 years b) 17-18 years c) 15-16 years d) 14-15 years
- Ans. d) 14-15 years













# युःशिष्य आण्डिम्न















- 1) The woman was sitting on the -
- a) sofa b) chair c) day-bed d) bench Ans. - c) day-bed
- 2) Mrs Jones met Rodger -
- a) four times b) three times c) two times d) only once Ans. - d) only once
- 3) Mrs Jones heated -
- a) ham b) beans c) lima beans and hams d) beacon Ans. - c) lima beans and hams
- 4) The boy had on his feet-
- a) tennis shoes b) party shoes c) black shoes d) blue suede shoes

Ans. - a) tennis shoes

- 5) The Tsar belonged to the
- a) the king of Germany b) the king of Russia c) the king of England d) the king of Spain

Ans. - b) the king of Russia

- 6) "Three Questions" was written by -
- a) O. Henry b) Alexander Dumas c) Charles Dickens d) Leo Tolstoy

Ans. - d) Leo Tolstoy















- 7) The Tsar stopped digging -
- a) after half an hour b) after one hour c) after one and half hour d) after two hours

Ans. - b) after one hour

- 8) At the time of lunch Kalam's mother would place before him -
- a) a coconut leaf b) a palm leaf c) a banana leaf d) a mango leaf

Ans. - c) a banana leaf

- 9) Kalam was convinced that the prayer was reached to -a) his father b) his mother c) his teacher d) the Allah Ans. d) the Allah
- 10) Rameshwaaram was famous to pilgrims for a) the Shiva temple b) the kali temple c) Ram temple d)
  None of the above

Ans. - a) the Shiva temple













# युश्याण्य आण्यमा















- 1) "In miniature boughs"- the word 'boughs' means
- a) roots b) shoots c) frost d) rain

Ans. - b) shoots

- 2) The bark of the tree is described as "leprous because it is -
- a) soft and smooth b) wounded by the knife c) glossy and shining d) rough and has marks
  Ans. d) rough and has marks
- 3) The roots to be pulled out of the -
- a) anchoring ground b) firm soil c) underground d) firm earth

Ans. - a) anchoring ground

- 4) "the curl green twigs"- rise from -
- a) the earth's cave b) the uprooted tree c) close to the ground d) the rough bark

Ans. - c) close to the ground

- 5) Green twigs that rise from the close to the ground are
- a) straight b) curled c) crooked d) crinkledAns. b) curled















- 6) The poet seems to suggest that in order to kill a tree a) plucking out all the leaves will do the job b) some pain will do the job c) cutting the branches will do the job d) total destruction of the roots will do the job Ans. - d) total destruction of the roots will do the job.
- 7) The smile of the soldier in the poem "Asleep in the valley " was -
- a) gentle b) rough c) witty d) cunning Ans. - a) gentle
- 8) One hand of the soldier was on his a) face b) gun c) breast d) side

Ans. - c) breast

- 9) The soldier's pillow was made off -
- a) leaves b) flowers c) fern d) leaves Ans. - c) fern
- 10) The marks of the wounds of the soldiers were -
- a) on his head b) on his hand c) in his leg d) in his side Ans. - d) in his side













# युःशिष्य आण्या







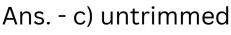








- 1) Nature is pleaded to the keep the soldier -
- a) Pleasant b) Warm c) Asleep d) Peaceful Ans. - b) warm
- 2) The meaning of "Red Holes" is -
- a) spots of blood clots b) red flowers in the valley c) bullet wounds d) none of these Ans. - c) bullet wounds
- 3) "The eye of heaven" in Shakespeare's sonnet number 18 refers to -
- a) the sun b) the moon c) the clouds d) the rivers Ans. - a) the sun
- 4) The winds that blow in the Shakespeare's Sonnet number 18 are -
- a) hot b) cool c) weak d) rough Ans. - d) rough
- 5) The" darling buds" are shaken by rough winds in -
- a) March b) April c) May d) June
- Ans. c) May
- 6) Nature's changing course is -
- a) dimmed b) temperate c) untrimmed d) lovely

















- 7) "\_\_\_\_\_ his gold complexion deemed" Here 'his ' refers to -
- a) the sky b) the moon c) the sea d) the sun Ans. - d) the sun
- 8) "But thy eternal summer shall not fade" here 'thy' refers to-
- a) Shakespeare's friend b) the season of summer c) Shakespeare himself d) the sun Ans. - a) Shakespeare's friend
- 9) The silence in "The Poetry of Earth" has been wrought by -
- a) summer b) frost c) winter d) rain Ans. - b) frost
- 10) The grasshopper is associated with the season a) summer b) winter c) spring d) autumn
- Ans. a) summer













#### युःशिष्य आण्या















- 1) The birds hides in-
- a) shadow of the tree b) cooling tree c) cold trees d) shade of the tree

Ans. - b) cooling tree

- 2) "\_\_\_\_ he takes the lead". Who is 'he'? He is -
- a) the grasshopper b) the summer c) the cricket d) the poet

Ans. - a) the grasshopper

- 3) Being tired the grasshopper rests beneath -
- a) green hedge b) green bushes c) pleasant weeds d) tiny trees

Ans. - c) pleasant weeds

- 4) The most necessary man is he who -
- a) will whom you work b) with whom you live c) who helps you d) with whom you are

Ans. - d) with whom you are

- 5) Lomov inherited Oxen Meadows from -
- a) uncle and aunt b) parents c) uncle d) aunt

Ans. - a) uncle and aunt















- 6) Natalia wears a negligee. What is the meaning of "negligee"?
- a) a tight goun b) a short skirt c) a loose gown for doing household works d) an apron

Ans. - c) a loose gown for doing the household works

- 7) The play "The Proposal " is -
- a) one act play b) a big drama c) a cinema d) two act play Ans. a) one act play
- 8) The worst of Lomov's physical problem is -
- a) his headache b) his limb c) his knee pain d) the way he sleeps

Ans. - d) the way he sleeps

- 9) Anton Chekhov was a -
- a) Spanish play writer b) Russian play writ<mark>er c) Frenc</mark>h Play writer d) Chinese Play writer

Ans. - b) Russian play writer

- 10) The play "The Proposal" revolves around -
- a) one character b) two characters c) three characters d) four characters

Ans. - c) three characters













# युःशिष्य आण्या















- 1) Chubukav was Natalay's -
- a) brother b) father c) uncle d) teacher Ans. - b) father
- 2) The first argument between Lomov and Natalya was -
- a) land b) money c) hunting dogs d) pistol Ans. - a) land
- 3) Lomov called Chubukav a "Jesuit" because of his -
- a) happiness b) timidity c) laziness d) stubbornness Ans. - d) stubbornness
- 4) Chubukav warns Lomov to take the matter of "Oxen Meadows" to the -
- a) neighborhood b) to the police c) to the court d) to the magistrate

Ans. - c) to the court

- 5) Chubukav in "The Proposal" uses a plot which is -
- a) keen b) simple c) complicated d) loose Ans. - b) simple
- 6) Who utters the name of Volchanetsky?
- a) Natalya b) Chubukav c) Lomov d) Natasya Ans. - a) Natalya















- 7) According to Chubukav Lomov's dog has -
- a) one deffect b) two defects c) three defects d) no defect

Ans. - b) two defects

- 8) Patridge here is a -
- a) singing bird b) preying bird c) game bird d) dancing bird

Ans. - c) game bird

- 9) According to Chubukav Lomov's younger aunt eloped with -
- a) a singer b) a doctor c) an engineer d) an architect Ans. - d) an architect
- 10) Squeezer is the son of -
- a) Hamess and Chisels b) Spencer and Dor<mark>othy c)</mark> Antony and Jolly d) Brown and Beti

Ans. - a) Hamess and Chisels













# युःशिक्र आक्रिम्त















- 1) Whose lower jaw is shorter- according to Lomov?
- a) Chubukav's b) Natalya's c) Squeezer's d) Lomov's Ans. - c) Squeezer's
- 2) Lomov hoped for hunting -
- a) before the harvest b) November c) June d) after the harvest

Ans. - d) after the harvest

- 3) According to Natalya they had lent Lomov their -
- a) Threasing machine b) land c) hunting dog d) pistol Ans. - a) threasing machine
- 4) Lomov wanted to Natalya that her dog was-
- a) lame b) overshot c) ugly d) lazy

Ans. - b) overshot

- 5) "I don't want anything from yours, and don't intend to give up what I have"- this is said by -
- a) Lomov to Natalya b) Natalya to Lomov c) Chubukav to Lomov d) Lomov to Chubukav

Ans. - c) Chubukav to Lomov













- 6) "You are not a neighbor, you are a grabber" this is said by -
- a) Lomov to Chubukav b) Chubukav to Lomov c) Natalya to Lomov d) Lomov to Natalya Ans. - a) Lomov to Chubukav
- 7) "Go, there's a merchant come for his goods" The " goods" refers to -
- a) luggage b) bags c) Lomov d) Natalya Ans. - d) Natalya
- 8) Chubukay addresses Lomov as -
- a) a devil b) a neighbor c) an angel d) a friend Ans. - c) an angel
- 9) Chubukav ordered Lomov to shut up or he would shoot him as -
- a) dog b) patridge c) fox d) ant
- Ans. b) patridge
- 10) Which thing Natalya was shelling for drying?
- a) dates b) grapes c) beans d) peas
- Ans. d) peas













## युःशिक्र आक्रिम्त















- 1) What was the cost of dog Squeezer?
- a) 85 rubles b) 90 rubles c) 100 rubles d) 120 rubles Ans. - a) 85 rubles
- 2) Natalya was a lady of -
- a) thirty years b) thirty five years c) twenty five years d) twenty years

Ans. - c) twenty five years

- 3) The name of Lomov's dog was -
- a) Tom b) Dick c) Coco d) Guess

Ans. - d) Guess

- 4) Natalya and Lomov first argued over -
- a) Birch Wood b) Burnt Marsh c) Dox d) Oxen Meadows Ans. - d) Oxen Meadows
- 5) Who said that "aunt's are usually formidable creatures
- a) the girl b) the other passenger c) the author d) none of these

Ans. - c) the author















- 6) What did the narrator first likes in the girl?
- a) her face b) her sound c) her laugh d) the sound of her voice and the sound of her slippers.

Ans. - d) the sound of her voice and the sound of her slippers

- 7) Who told Abdul Kalam that there was nothing mysterious about prayer?
- a) Ramaswami b) his teacher c) his father d) his mother Ans. c) his father
- 8) What was the cost of the dog Guess?
- a) 85 rubles b) 90 rubles c) 10<mark>0 rubles d) 125 rubles</mark> Ans. - d) 125 rubles
- 9) Who wrote the poem" Asleep in the Valley?"
- a) Robert Frost b) Emily Dickinson c) Arthu<mark>r Rimb</mark>aud d) John Berryman

Ans. - c) Arthur Rimbaud

- 10) What type of poem, "On killing a tree?"
- a) sadistic poem b) ironical poem c) spiritual poem d) Educational poem

Ans. - b) ironical poem









